



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

The following are the addresses of the divisional and sectional secretaries.

Divisions:

Agricultural and Food Chemistry: T. J. Bryan, 4100 Filmore Street, Chicago, Ill.

Biological Chemistry: H. B. Lewis, University of Illinois, Urbana, Ill.

Dye Chemistry: R. Norris Shreve, 43 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

Industrial and Engineering Chemistry: H. E. Howe, 1701 Massachusetts Avenue, N.W., Washington, D. C.

Organic Chemistry: H. T. Clarke, Kodak Park, Rochester, N. Y.

Chemistry of Medicinal Products: Edgar B. Carter, 2615 Ashland Avenue, Indianapolis, Ind.

Physical and Inorganic Chemistry: S. E. Sheppard, 83 Gorsline Street, Rochester, N. Y.

Rubber Chemistry: Arnold H. Smith, Thermoid Rubber Company, Trenton, N. J.

Water Sewage and Sanitation Chemistry: W. W. Skinner, Bureau of Chemistry, Washington, D. C.

Sections:

Sugar Chemistry: Frederick J. Bates, Bureau of Standards, Washington, D. C.

Cellulose Chemistry: G. J. Esselen, Jr., 248 Boylston Street, Boston, Mass.

Petroleum Chemistry: W. A. Gruse, Mellon Institute, Pittsburgh, Pa.

The final program will be sent about April 20 to the secretaries of sections, to the council, to members of the Rochester Section, and to all members making special request.

CHARLES L. PARSONS,
Secretary

THE HERTER LECTURESHIP

In November, 1902, Dr. and Mrs. Christian A. Herter, of New York, gave to the Johns Hopkins University the sum of \$25,000 "for the formation of a memorial lectureship designed to promote a more intimate knowledge of the researches of foreign investigators in the realm of medical science." According to the terms of the gift, some eminent worker in physiology or pathology is to be asked each year to deliver a lecture at the Johns Hopkins University upon a subject with which he has been identified.

The selection of the lecturer is made by a committee representing the departments of pathology, physiological chemistry, and clinical medicine, and if "in the judgment of the committee it should ultimately appear desirable to open the proposed lectureship to leaders in medical research in this country there should be no bar to so doing." The committee consists of Drs. MacCallum, Abel and Thayer.

The trustees of the Johns Hopkins University announce that the twelfth course of lectures on this foundation will be given by Dr. Frederick Gowland Hopkins, F.R.S., professor of bio-chemistry and director of the bio-chemical laboratory, Cambridge University. The lectures will be given in the Johns Hopkins Hospital, at 4.30 p.m. on April 12, 13 and 14, the subjects being: (1) "Oxidation and reduction mechanisms in living tissues," (2) "The function of oxygen in muscular activity," and (3) "The outlook in nutritional studies: an appraisement."

SCIENTIFIC NOTES AND NEWS

DR. ALBERT EINSTEIN, of the University of Berlin, arrived in the United States on April 2, coming in order to advance the Zionist movement, and the establishment of a University at Jerusalem. Dr. Einstein was accompanied by three other delegates, including Professor Charles Weizmann, who was head of the British Admiralty Chemical Laboratories during the war. There will be a Zionist meeting at the Metropolitan Opera House on April 10. Dr. Einstein's arrival was unexpected and no announcements have been made of scientific lectures.

THE Albert medal of the Royal Society of Arts was presented on March 14 to Professor Albert Michelson, for his discovery of a natural constant which has provided a basis for a standard of length. The award was made last year, but the actual presentation was deferred until Professor Michelson could go to England to receive it.

DAVID CHARLES DAVIES has been appointed director of the Field Museum, Chicago, to